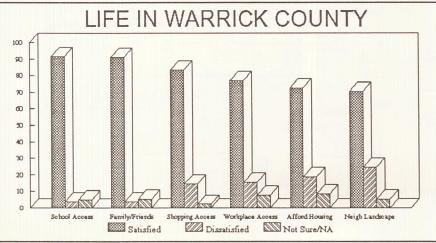
HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WARRICK COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

In March, 1964, Warrick County CITIZENS' OPINION SURVEY adopted its first Comprehensive Plan. Much has happened during the ensuing three decades. The County's development process, an opinion population almost doubled between survey was mailed to 1,500 residents 1960 and 1990 growing from 24,577 to randomly selected from among all the 44,920. While this growth was not registered voters in Warrick County. unexpected, the kind and location of Virtually 30% returned completed growth that occurred was. surveys which yielded a statistical error Consequently, in 1991 the Warrick level of less than 5%. The intent of the County Area Planning Commission survey was to "ground" the Plan in the with the support of the Economic stated beliefs and values of Warrick

At the outset of the plan Development Advisory Council seized County citizens.



the initiative to update the 1964 Plan. representatives, union officials, church important strengths of the County. and civic leaders, business people, farmers, and local and State Commission.

The survey revealed that Warrick The development of the updated Plan County citizens clearly like Warrick was guided by these public bodies as County. This is evidenced by the fact well as the Comprehensive Plan Task that over 65% of the population has Force, representing a broad cross lived here more than 15 years. They section of the Warrick County rate religion, public education, family population -- mining and industry ties and housing values as very

Warrick County is clearly "progovernment officials. This brochure growth". Despite the large-scale summarizes the principal features of suburbanization that has been the complete Plan report. The official experienced over the past three document can be reviewed in the office decades, the residents expressed a of the Warrick County Area Planning clear preference for more growth -both residential and economic.

The citizens overwhelmingly agree that appropriate inducements should be given to attract new industry to the County and they consistently urge public officials to work for more good jobs in the County. Despite the fact that over half of Warrick County • To develop and implement an workers travel to nearby counties to go to work, the vast majority of respondents rated "access-to-jobs" very favorably. They also have a very high opinion of public education in the County as well as such other strengths as affordable housing and neighborhood landscaping.

There is a clear mandate reiterated

several times throughout the survey for

GOALS & POLICIES

The Plan contains numerous goals, action steps, and policies concerning the future growth of Warrick County. These guidelines were based on the results of the Citizens' Opinion Survey as well as several open meetings involving input from the Plan Commission and Comprehensive Plan Task Force. Fundamental goals on which the Plan are based include ...

- To encourage the continued development of Warrick County as a family.
- · To encourage responsible sensitive to the environment and future living conditions of the residents.
- To encourage the residential growth of areas outside of existing developed growth areas.
- To increase the County's flexibility and capabilities regarding the redevelopment of economically

more economic development activities. • To develop the Warrick County Industrial Park and other infrastructure to expedite the location of prospective new industries as well as the expansion

disadvantaged areas.

of existing industries.

- effective existing business/industry retention and expansion program.
- To develop and implement strategies for attracting new business and environmentally sensitive industry to Warrick County.
- To encourage the establishment and expansion of retail/service businesses in an orderly and safe
- To provide quality opportunities for public recreation consistent with generally accepted standards
- To preserve Warrick County as a place that values and enhances the interests of agriculture and agribusiness.

a desirable place to settle and raise Various concrete "action steps" designed to accomplish these goals are included in the Plan report.

residential development that is A sampling of the land use development policies include ...

- "Residential areas" (subdivisions and multi-family housing at a gross land use density of two or more dwelling units-per-acre) should have access to sewer and water utilities. Access to gas is desirable.
- · "Residential areas" should not be located on reclaimed surface

mined property or on land above known underground mine works unless appropriate precautions are taken to minimize property subsidence and appropriate disclosures are made to prospective buyers of the property.

- "Residential areas" should be located entirely out of the 100-year flood zone as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (as amended).
- "Residential areas" should be compact and contiguous in order to make the most efficient use of existing and planned infrastructure.
- located on soil groups that do not present "sever limitations for dwellings without basements" as defined by the Soil Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.
- The character of land uses near commercial developments should be predominantly commercial or residential developments, a buffer of open space or wooded area separating the developments is recommended.
- The practice of "leap-frogging" in suburban development should be discouraged in order to preserve as much farmland as possible.
- · The extension of sewer and water utilities should be made incrementally in a fashion that discourages suburban sprawl.
- · "Commercial areas" should be located to provide high visibility

and convenient, yet safe access to roadways with relatively high traffic

- damage from settlement or In the case of sites located on State Routes 62 and 66, maximum traffic safety must be provided by restricting access for new developments to existing cross streets. Where necessary to accomplish this policy, the construction of frontage or service roads by the developers will be required.
 - Service roads should be considered on any arterial or major collector where existing and/or anticipated future traffic volumes suggest the need for such safety precautions.
- "Residential areas" should be To the fullest extent possible, "industrial areas" should be developed as industrial parks with all the infrastructure (including rail siding) and amenities required by modern industrial establishments. All utilities with adequate capacity to accommodate the anticipated level of development should be in
- industrial. Where located near Industrial areas must be developed so as to provide easy access by heavy-duty trucks to the State highway system. Access to the sites as well as the internal circulation of the site should allow for the large turning radius required by
 - · Warrick County encourages and supports the preservation of such "notable natural areas" in the County as have been identified by the Division of Nature Preserves of the Indiana Department of Natural Resources,

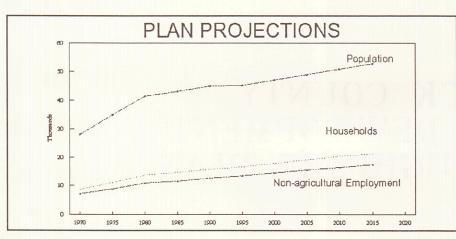
LAND USE DEVELOPMENT PLAN employment will experience a faster

The land use and transportation compounded growth rate of elements of the *Plan* have been based approximately 1.31%, there will be one on projections of the County's new job created for every 1.64 new demographic and employment base. people added to Warrick County's The graph shown below summarizes population. This "good news", both the historic and projected growth however, is offset slightly by the of population, households and total expected continuing decline in employment.

rate of growth. With an annual average

With respect to population, the The process of developing the land "boom days" of the 70s are over. Even use plan shown on the reverse side of so, Warrick County's population this brochure involved the conversion growth rate is and will continue to be of projected jobs and housing units

agricultural employment.

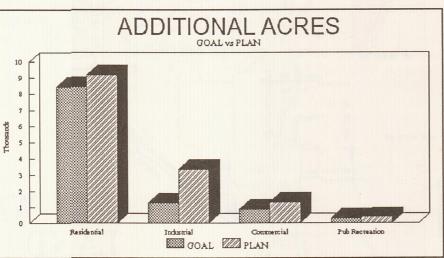


among the highest in the State. Growth into acreage requirements using can be expected to continue at about existing land use densities and 0.66% per year (compounded) which is accepted standards. These minimum quite comparable to the pace of acreage requirements were then growth throughout the 80s. The multiplied by a non-use factor in order number of households and new to develop an acreage goal for each dwelling units will grow at rates land use. The figure shown on the approximately twice as fast as the following panel summarizes the Plan's population. Warrick County can expect projected additional acreage goal over 5,600 new housing starts within versus the actual number of acres the next quarter century. This identified on the Plan map for each of accelerated growth in housing vis-a-vis the four major non-agricultural land population can be attributed primarily uses. to the continuing decline in the average number of persons-per- The proposed locations for future household.

land development take into account the goals and policies discussed above as Compared to population and well as accepted land use planning housing growth, non-agricultural criteria. A formal land suitability

analysis was conducted taking into development include... account the locations of: (1) ground with poor topography and soils; (2) land located within the 100-year flood zone; (3) the compatibility of adjacent land uses; (4) the availability of utilities and; (5) recent growth trends.

- Both Sides of the SR 66 Corridor from Epworth to Bell Road
- Northeast & Southeast Quadrants of I-164 and SR 66 Interchange



Industrial Six major sites for new industrial development have been . East of Bell Road on the North identified in the *Plan*. These sites are...

- Warrick County Industrial Park (Eskew Road Near SR 62 West of Boonville)
- Chandler Site between Fuquay & Castle Garden Road
- SR 62/ Epworth/ Oak Grove/ County Line Area
- I-64 North of Elberfeld
- East Side of the SR 61 Corridor North of Alcoa
- Vann Road Corridor (North Side) East of Anderson Road

envisioned for commercial water and sewer service; have good

- Side of SR 66 and West of Bell Road between SR 66 & Outer
- SR 62 between Eskew & Baker Road West of Boonville
- Near the I-64 & I-164 Interchange in the Vicinity of Elberfeld

Residential The great majority of the land designated in the Plan for moderate to high density residential use (i.e., more than two dwelling unitsper-acre) is concentrated in Ohio Township. This is the case for several reasons. First, Ohio Township is where the demand for most new housing exits. Second, there still remains in Ohio Township large contiguous tracts Commercial The primary sites of land that are: easily accessible to

mined; are outside of the 100-year larger) is recommended in the Vfloodplain, and; have at least shaped area formed by the strip mine moderately developable soils and lake near Center Road. This area

Conceptually, this major growth area is bounded by SR 62 on the north, the County Line on the west,

In addition to "infilling" south of south, and Roth Road on the east. SR 66, the Plan recommends the continuation of moderate density residential development north of the development is recommended east of highway. With the exception of some town along County Road 850N and acreage subject to flooding between continuing south down Sosutt Road to Libbert and Bell Road south of Vann, Seven Hills Road. This would the area is bounded by Libbert on the represent the continuation of an west as far north as Telephone Road. existing trend on ground that has never North of Telephone, the western been stripped or undermined. boundary becomes Bell Road up to the 100-year floodplain just south of SR 62 and the newly annexed area of residential development may well be in Chandler. From this western boundary, Lynnville Park, since sewers are being the entire area west to SR 261 and extended to service building sites along south of Gardner Road is designated the lake. The Plan also calls for for residential development. The area development on either side of also extends north of Gardner Road Petersburg Road north of town where bounded by the Chandler corporate the topographic relief is more gentle limits on the north and Old Plank than along SR 61 or 68. Road on the east.

66 and east of SR 261. Low density the north side of town.

highway access; have never been development (i.e., 21/2 acre lots or could be more intensively developed if adequate sewer and water service was made available.

In the Boonville area, the Plan the Ohio River on the south and a recommends residential expansion combination of SR 61 and Pecka Ditch primarily south and east of town. on the east. The Plan anticipates Specifically, a continuation of residential "infilling" in much of the residential growth south of Maple area bounded by SR 66 and the Ohio Grove Road down to the vicinity of River. The same is recommended east Rudolph Road would allow contiguous of SR 66, but south and west of the development on ground that is not Pecka Ditch. With the planned subject to flooding and has never been improvements to SR 66, Bell Road, mined. Assuming sewer service is Outer Lincoln, and the extension of introduced to the area, moderate Ellerbusch, sufficient roadway capacity density residential development could will be in place to accommodate the occur on the east side of town in the increased traffic generated by the new area generally bounded by the Southern R/R on the north, a line about 2000' south of SR 62 on the

In the Elberfeld area, residential

Lynnville's primary potential for

The Town of Tennyson is hemmed As shown on the map, the Plan in somewhat by the 100-year also calls for much less intensive floodplain. Development could occur, development north of Pecka Ditch/SR however, along SR 161 primarily on WARRICK COUNTY, INDIANA COMPREHENSIVE PLAN **HIGHLIGHTS**

